



Believe ~ Learn ~ Grow

Ridgeway Farm CE Academy Curriculum Map

Year 5

		Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 5	Value	Thankfulness Generosity	Trust Compassion	Perseverance Courage	Justice Forgiveness	Friendship Service	Truthfulness Respect
	Inspirational Theme	Inspirational Theme: Explorers	Inspirational Theme: Children	Inspirational Theme: Creation	Inspirational Theme: Community	Inspirational Theme: Diversity	Inspirational Theme: Leadership
		Earth & Space (S)	World War II (H)	Materials (S)	Vikings (H)	European region (G)	Ancient Greeks (H)
	Big Question	What have we learned from our space explorations?	How were the lives of children affected during WWII? (include evacuee & refugee)	What are the properties of materials and how do they change?	Were the Vikings raiders, traders or something else?	What is life like in the Alps?	How did the leadership of the Greeks influence the Western World?
	Experiences and Inspiration	Visit from Swindon Stargazers	WW2 dress up Visit from Purton Historical Society Imperial War Museum	Local walks PSHE fundraising cake sale	RE with Purton Vicar	Walk to look at local features Camp out	Greek WOW starter Visit to Ufton Court 25/06/23
	Texts & Film						
Writing Focus	Sequel: Where does the mouse travel next? Writing to Explain: Explanation	New Story The story of Idris' wisp Writing to Inform: News Broadcast	Prequel The Old Lady's story Writing to Argue: Persuasion (formal)	New scene Write a new scene for the middle of the story, developing Makio & Mr Hirota's characters	Sequel: What will happen next with the rabbits? Writing to Argue: Discussion	New chapter Create a new beast/creature for Odysseus to overcome	

	How does the time machine work?	Wonderous Wisps Appear From The Sky!	Argument to the council persuading them to improve and develop the city	through dialogue Writing to Explain: Instructions How to survive in a tsunami	Do the rabbits have the right to live there?	Writing to Inform: Recount Odysseus' journal
Whole class reading	Leon and the Place Between Bold Women in Black History	There's a Boy in the Girls Bathroom Rooftoppers	Street Child Gregor the Overlander	Anglo Saxon Boy	Beowulf Cogheart	Who let the Gods Out
Maths	Place Value Addition & subtraction	Multiplication & division Fractions - A	Multiplication & division Fractions - B	Decimals & Percentages Perimeter and area Statistics	Shape Position & Direction Decimals	Negative Numbers Converting units Volume
Theme	Children will be introduced to a model of the Sun and Earth that enables them to explain day and night. Children will learn that the Sun is a star at the centre of our solar system and that it has eight planets: Mercury, Venus, Earth, Mars, Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus and Neptune (Pluto was reclassified as a 'dwarf planet' in 2006). They should understand that a moon is a celestial body that orbits a planet (Earth has one moon; Jupiter has four large moons and numerous smaller ones). Children will be warned that it is not safe to look directly at the Sun, even when	What happened to ordinary people and children during the war? Children will learn about the home front, the rationing, digging for victory, 'make do and mend', Dad's Army, the Land girls and the role of women during the war, the Blitz and the experience of evacuee children. They will understand about the use of propaganda and censorship. Design war posters and make gas masks, identity papers and ration books.	Children will learn about states of matter, irreversible and reversible changes. They will explore how mixtures might be created and separated. Children will conduct investigations and explain how the test is fair.	Children will find out about the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the kingdom of England and how England became a unified country. They will explore where the Anglo-Saxons and Vikings came from, how they fought for territory and power, and how their fighting ultimately led to the kingdom of England we know today. The Battle of 1066. Along the way, they will also find out what life was like for everyday people living in Anglo-Saxon and Viking Britain, exploring things such as Viking runes and Anglo-Saxon stories like Beowulf.	Children will learn about different mountains and where they can be found in the World. They will understand their key features and how they are formed. As well as learning about mountains in the UK, children will apply this understanding to an area of Europe with mountain ranges. They will study the physical geography of mountains and mountain ranges, their formation, some famous expeditions and also mountain biodiversity. Children will find out about the geographical similarities and differences between Wiltshire and the Alps They will learn about the different physical and human features of the two areas.	Understanding where Ancient Greece was. Understanding in chronology of previous learning when Ancient Greece was. What was life like around the world at the time of the Ancient Greeks Focus on the legacies of the Greeks – look at the link to the Olympic games. What legacy have the Ancient Greeks left the world? What legacy did they leave in Greece?

	wearing dark glasses				Children will also find out about how tourism affects the Alps.	
RE	UC U2.1 What does it mean if Christians believe God is holy and loving?	UC U2.3 Why do Christians believe Jesus was the Messiah?	U2.6 What does it mean to be a Muslim in Britain today?	UC U2.4 Christians and how to live: 'What would Jesus do?'	U2.7 What matters most to Humanists and Christians? (C, M/J, NR)	
Working Scientifically	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments. 					
Science	Earth and space - describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system - describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth - describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies - use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky.		Properties and changes of materials compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets - know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution - use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating	Forces explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object - identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces - recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.	Living things and their habitats - describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird - describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.	Animals, including humans - describe the changes as humans develop to old age

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic - demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes - explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda. 			
Geography			<p>Locate the world's countries, using maps to focus on North America, concentrating on its environmental regions, key physical and human characteristics, countries, and major cities.</p> <p>Describe and understand key aspects of: physical geography, including: mountains</p> <p>Geographical enquiry Begin to suggest questions for investigating. Begin to use primary and secondary sources of evidence in their investigation.</p>		<p>To investigate places, patterns & to communicate geographically To name and locate capital cities, rivers & mountains of Spain To recognise key physical & human characteristics of countries and major cities (Barcelona, Catalonia, Spain). To Understand the geographical similarities & differences between a region of the UK and a region of a European country.</p> <p>Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping (Google Earth) to locate countries and describe features studied</p>	

			<p>Investigate places with more emphasis on the larger scale, contrasting with distant places. Collect and record evidence unaided.</p> <p>Knowledge and understanding of places Give reasons for similarities and differences between places using what I know about other countries and parts of the UK. Describe and understand key aspects of mountains.</p> <p>Geographical skills Locate and identify the 4 countries and capital cities of Great Britain. Draw maps using 4 figure grid references. Use the terms physical and human & describe features. Make geographical measurements. Understand scaled maps. Use an Ordnance Survey map, including symbols and keys. Draw maps and plans to scale. Find & use 6 figure grid references.</p> <p>Fieldwork – local hills Investigate my own inquiries and create maps, plans and graphs of my results.</p>		<p>Use the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the United Kingdom in the past and present.</p> <p>Use fieldwork to observe, measure and record the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods, including sketch maps, plans and graphs, and digital technologies.</p>	
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			<p>Interpret the results of my investigations.</p> <p>Environmental change and sustainable environment Summarise an environmental issue including its causes and possible solutions. Summarise the ways that people are trying to manage an environment in both physical and human terms.</p>			
History		<p>A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 – World War II</p> <p>Chronology Be able to place events, people and changes into a chronological framework – plot WW2 within timeline within book Know and sequence key events of time studied – plotting dates as studied on a timeline as they occur. Make comparisons between different times in the past noting connections and contrasts – discuss when WW2 sits within framework of previously studied events.</p>		<p>The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor</p> <p>Identify the causes and consequences of key events.</p> <p>To identify similarities and differences between societies in the past and today,</p> <p>To compare different interpretations of history.</p> <p>To sequence people and events in chronological order.</p> <p>To assess the significance of people and societies from</p>		<p>Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their influence on the western world</p> <p>Chronology Begin to be able to place events, people and changes into different periods of time showing an emerging sense of period – place the Ancient Greeks onto timeline. Place first Olympics within this chronological framework</p> <p>Find out about beliefs, behaviour and characteristics of people, recognising that not everyone shares the same views and feelings Compare beliefs and behaviour with another time studied Write another explanation of a past event in terms of cause and effect using evidence to support and illustrate their explanation</p>

		<p>Historical Enquiry Throughout the unit expose the children to a range of sources covering these skills throughout Begin to evaluate sources as part of an enquiry Ask and answer significant questions of sources in context Begin to identify primary and secondary sources Select relevant sections of information</p> <p>Cause and Consequence Examine causes and results of great events and the impact on people – explore the impact of WW2 on children and why it happened</p> <p>Continuity and Change Describe and make links between different events, changes and situations across periods and societies - identify how life changed for children throughout the war.</p>				<p>Know key dates, characters and events of time studied</p> <p>Historical Enquiry Choose relevant material to present a picture of one aspect of life in time past – give the children a range of sources. Children to collate the sources that tell them about a specific focus of Ancient Greece. Historical Terms Use abstract terms e.g. empire, dynasty, kingdom, civilisation etc.</p> <p>Significance Describe and use sources of information to explain the contribution made of particular people, events and developments – use sources of information about the original Olympics. Compare this with modern Olympics and discuss how original Olympics have had an impact on Olympics today.</p> <p>Interpretation Ask and begin to answer a variety of historically valid questions</p>
Art	Drawing: I need space		Painting and mixed media portraits		Sculpture and 3D: Interactive installation	Craft and design: Architecture

DT	Pop up Book	Doodle	Structures: Bridges	Stuffed Toys	Cooking & Nutrition Developing a recipe	Digital world: Monitoring devices
Computing	Coding	Online Safety Spreadsheets	Spreadsheets Databases	Game Creator Modelling	Concept Maps Word Processing	Using external devices
PSHE	Being me in my world	Healthy Mind	Dreams and Goals	Celebrating Differences	Relationships	Changing Me
PE	Mighty Movers (Boxercise)	Dynamic Dance Bollywood	Gym Sequences	Cool Core (Pliates)	Step to the Beat	Gymfit Circuits
	Nimble Nets	Boot Camp	Fitness Frenzy	Invaders	Striking and Fielding	Young Olympians
Music	Composition notation (Theme: Ancient Egypt)	Blues	South and West Africa	Composition to represent the festival of colour (Theme: Holi festival)	Looping and remixing	Musical theatre
Spanish	Phonics 3 (X) The Date (I)	My Home (I)	Clothes (I)	Habitats (I)	Healthy Lifestyles (P)	Olympics (I)